Journalism

Unit 1: History of Journalism

Estimated Unit Time Frames	Big Ideas	Essential Questions	Concepts (Know)	Competencies (Do)	Lessons/ Suggested Resources	Vocabulary	Standards/ Eligible Content
15 days	Effective	How has	The student	Compare	History of	Journalism	CC.8.5.11-12.F:
	speaking and	Journalism been	will	news from	Journalism	Column	CC.8.5.11-12.A: CC.8.5.11-12.B:
	listening are	shaped by		various	assignment—	Bias	CC.8.5.11-12.I:
	essential for	events and	Recognize	sources: web,	teacher	Human	
	productive	people in the	and explain	print, radio,	created.	interest	CC.8.6.11-12.B:
	communication	previous	the various	magazines,		Fact	CC.8.6.11-12.C: CC.8.6.11-12.D:
		centuries?	methods of	film or video,	Watch various	Opinion	CC.8.6.11-12.E:
	Writing is a		journalism	photographs,	news coverage		CC.8.6.11-12.F:
	means of	What various		etc.	of major		CC.8.6.11-12.G: CC.8.6.11-12.H:
	documenting	ways do	Explain how		historical		CC.8.6.11-12.I:
	thinking	journalists	journalism	Research key	events and		
		document their	conveys	historical	discuss how it		
	Writing is a	work?	ideas,	events or	shaped history.		
	recursive		thought, and	people in			
	process that	How does	emotions.	history and	Discussions on		
	conveys ideas,	journalism		analyze how	what		
	thoughts, and	convey ideas,		the news	constitutes as		
	feelings.	thoughts, and		medias of the	news; how do		
		emotions?		time covered	we receive		
				these events/	news today;		
		What different		people.	how have		
		types of			news/ media		
		journalism are		Create group	outlets		

there & how is it	and individual	changed in	
tailored to the			
	presentations	recent years?	
audience?	educating	December the	
	their peers.	Research the	
		same news	
		article in	
		various news	
		sources; assess	
		spin, language,	
		and reliability.	
		Write a	
		response	
		explaining the	
		student's	
		research.	
		Sources:	
		NPR	
		CNN	
		FOX	
		NY Times	
		LA Times	
		Pittsburgh	
		Post-Gazette	
		Pittsburgh	
		Review	
		Huffington	
		Post	
		The Guardian	
		Chicago Sun	

		Any other relevant news sources	

Unit 2: What is News?

Estimated Unit Time Frames	Big Ideas	Essential Questions	Concepts (Know)	Competencies (Do)	Lessons/ Suggested Resources	Vocabulary	Standards/ Eligible Content
10 days	Writing is a means of documenting thinking Writing is a recursive process that conveys ideas, thoughts, and feelings. Purpose, topic, and audience guide types of writing. Language is used to communicate and to deepen understanding. Spoken language can be represented	Why are speaking and listening essential for productive communication? What various ways do journalists document their work? How does journalism convey ideas, thoughts, and emotions? What different types of journalism are there & how is it tailored to the audience?	The student will Recognize and explain why an article is newsworthy or not. Explain how journalism conveys ideas, thought, and emotions. Discern between fact and opinion based news. Recognize and explain the various types of	Compare news from various sources: web, print, radio, magazines, film or video, photographs, etc. Rank news sources by bias, reliability, and topics chosen. Gather information and organize it effectively.	Pages 45-68 of Journalism Matters textbook. "Your Beat" Activities in Chapter 3 of Journalims Matters Textbook. Discussions on what constitutes as news; how do we receive news today; how have news/ media outlets changed in recent years? Research the same news	News Gatekeeper Timeliness Run Prominence Proximity Conflict Impact Human interest Wire service Tip Budget Top story News hole News flow Cut Deadline Column inch News judgment Beat Local angle Localize Futures file	CC.8.6.11-12.B: CC.8.6.11-12.C: CC.8.6.11-12.D: CC.8.6.11-12.E: CC.8.6.11-12.F: CC.8.6.11-12.H: CC.8.6.11-12.I: CC.1.4.9-10.A CC.1.4.9-10.E CC.1.4.9-10.I CC.1.4.9-10.J CC.1.4.9-10.J

in print.	columns.	article in	
		various news	
Effective use of		sources; assess	
vocabulary		spin, language,	
builds social		and reliability.	
and academic		,	
knowledge.		Various	
		activities	
		evaluating	
		whether a	
		topic is news	
		worthy.	
		Westerry.	
		BP Oil spill	
		coverage/	
		President	
		Obamas'	
		speech	
		comparison.	
		companison.	
		Write a	
		response	
		explaining the	
		student's	
		research.	
		Self-edit, peer	
		edit, teacher	
		evaluates final	
		draft.	
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NPR CNN FOX NY Times LA Times Pittsburgh Post-Gazette Pittsburgh Review Huffington Post The Guardian Chicago Sun Tribune Any other relevant news sources
Any other

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Estimated Unit Time Frames	Big Ideas	Essential Questions	Concepts (Know)	Competencies (Do)	Lessons/ Suggested Resources	Vocabulary	Standards/ Eligible Content
10 days	Effective speaking and listening are essential for productive communication Writing is a means of documenting thinking Writing is a recursive process that conveys ideas, thoughts, and feelings. Purpose, topic, and audience guide types of writing. Language is	Why are speaking and listening essential for productive communication? What various ways do journalists document their work? How does journalism convey ideas, thoughts, and emotions? What different types of journalism are there & how is it tailored to the audience?	The student will Recognize and explain the various methods of journalism Explain how journalism conveys ideas, thought, and emotions. Construct open-ended interview questions and conduct various interview styles.	Construct open-ended interview questions and conduct various interview styles. Format columns appropriately from the interviews.	Various teacher made activities and rubrics for conducting interviews. Types of interviews: human interest Student of the month Student athlete Classmate Chapter 5 of the Journalism Matters textbook, pages 88-110 "Your Beat" Activities in Journalism	Interview Human element Primary source Secondary source 5W'S and H Open-ended questions Yes-no questions Note-taking language Follow up questions Rapport Third person question Person on the street interview News conference	CC.8.6.11-12.B: CC.8.6.11-12.C: CC.8.6.11-12.D: CC.8.6.11-12.E: CC.8.6.11-12.G: CC.8.6.11-12.H: CC.8.6.11-12.H: CC.8.6.11-12.H: CC.1.4.9-10.A CC.1.4.9-10.E CC.1.4.9-10.I CC.1.4.9-10.J CC.1.4.9-10.J CC.1.4.9-10.J

used to	Create	Matters	
communicate	appropriate	textbook	
and to deepen	columns for a	textbook	
understanding.	variety of	Various	
understanding.	news styles.	interviews	
Spoken	news styles.	demonstrating	
language can		strong and	
be represented		weak interview	
in print.		styles.	
in print.		styles.	
Effective use of		Teacher	
vocabulary		devised unit	
builds social		test.	
and academic		iest.	
knowledge.		Sources:	
Knowledge.		NPR	
		60 Minutes	
		Oprah Winfrey	
		Oprail williey	
		Any other	
		relevant news	
		sources	
		Sources	

Unit 4:	: The Co	lumn and New	s Writing

Estimated Unit Time Frames	Big Ideas	Essential Questions	Concepts (Know)	Competencies (Do)	Lessons/ Suggested Resources	Vocabulary	Standards/ Eligible Content
15 days	Effective speaking and listening are essential for productive communication Writing is a recursive process that conveys ideas, thoughts, and feelings. Purpose, topic, and audience guide types of writing. Language is used to communicate and to deepen understanding.	Why are speaking and listening essential for productive communication? What various ways do journalists document their work? How does journalism convey ideas, thoughts, and emotions? What different types of journalism are there & how is it tailored to the audience?	The Student Will Know Appropriate leads Proper interview techniques Proper note taking, paraphrasing, and summarizing techniques	Develop and strengthen writing by revising, editing, and rewriting. Write routinely over extended time. Write columns in a variety of styles and purpose. Use subject appropriate vocabulary in their writing.	Chapters 10-12 of Journalism Matters Textbook Pages 227-281 "Your Beat" Activities Suggested Columns: Feature Editorial School highlight Advice Political Local Teacher devised Unit Test	Chapter 10: Feature Sidebar News peg Profile Hook Focusing Structure Persona Chapter 11: Editorial Editorial page Masthead Op-ed page Editorial board Brainstorming Editorial that explains Editorial that evaluates Editorial that persuades Chapter 12: Column Syndicated	CC.8.6.11-12.B: CC.8.6.11-12.C: CC.8.6.11-12.D: CC.8.6.11-12.E: CC.8.6.11-12.F: CC.8.6.11-12.G: CC.8.6.11-12.H: CC.8.6.11-12.I: CC.1.4.9-10.A CC.1.4.9-10.E CC.1.4.9-10.I CC.1.4.9-10.I CC.1.4.9-10.J CC.1.4.9-10.J

	language can			Review	
	be represented			Specialized	
	in print.			column	
				Jargon	
	Effective use of				
	vocabulary				
	builds social				
	and academic				
	knowledge.				
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Unit 5: Sports

Estimated Unit Time Frames	Big Ideas	Essential Questions	Concepts (Know)	Competencies (Do)	Lessons/ Suggested Resources	Vocabulary	Standards/ Eligible Content
LESSON/ ACTIVITY 10 days	Effective speaking and listening are essential for productive communication Writing is a recursive process that conveys ideas, thoughts, and feelings. Purpose, topic, and audience guide types of writing. Language is used to communicate and to deepen understanding.	Why did sports become a culture in various countries? How do team loyalties divide or bring people together?	Sports vernacular How and when to use proper pacing in an article	Apply sports vocabulary to an article covering a televised or live event. Utilize fast paced action verbs. Write various sports articles, local and global.	Students conduct research into a chosen sport, educating their class on its history and growth. Chapter 13 in Journalism Matters textbook, pages 285-296 "Your Beat" activities in Chapter 13	Backgrounding Advance Press row Press box Homer Clichés	CC.8.6.11-12.B: CC.8.6.11-12.C: CC.8.6.11-12.D: CC.8.6.11-12.E: CC.8.6.11-12.F: CC.8.6.11-12.H: CC.8.6.11-12.I: CC.1.4.9-10.A CC.1.4.9-10.E CC.1.4.9-10.H CC.1.4.9-10.G CC.1.4.9-10.J

Spoken				
language can				
be represented				
in print.				
Effective use of				
vocabulary				
builds social				
and academic				
knowledge.				
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Unit 6: Reviews

Estimated Unit Time Frames	Big Ideas	Essential Questions	Concepts (Know)	Competencies (Do)	Lessons/ Suggested Resources	Vocabulary	Standards/ Eligible Content
10 Days	Effective	How do reviews	Unit	Students will	Teacher	Prior unit	66440404
	speaking and	give power of	vocabulary	utilize prior	created rubrics	vocabulary	CC.1.4.9-10.A
	listening are essential for	choice to the individual?	Persuasive	knowledge and review a	and activities,		CC.1.4.9-10.E CC.1.4.9-10.I
		individuals			depending on		
	productive	How do reviews	speech and	book, film, tv	the time of		CC.1.4.9-10.H CC.1.4.9-10.G
	communication	shape pop	writing styles.	show, play, and/ or	year and availability of		CC.1.4.9-10.G
	Writing is a	culture?		exhibit.	resources.		CC.1.4.9-10.J
	recursive	culture:		exhibit.	resources.		
	process that			Construct	Unit Test		
	conveys ideas,			articles using	ome rese		
	thoughts, and			persuasive	Examples of		
	feelings.			speech.	strong and		
					weak reviews		
	Purpose, topic,						
	and audience				Blog and news		
	guide types of				sources		
	writing.				relevant to the		
					specific task		
	Language is				and		
	used to				assignment		
	communicate						
	and to deepen						
	understanding.						

Spoken				
language can				
be represented				
in print.				
Effective use of				
vocabulary				
builds social				
and academic				
knowledge.				
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Unit 7: News Layout

Estimated	Big Ideas	Essential	Concepts	Competencies	Lessons/	Vocabulary	Standards/
Unit Time Frames		Questions	(Know)	(Do)	Suggested Resources		Eligible Content
	Effective	Have do as paves	The hierench.	Mariana		Λ t	No standards
15 days		How does news	The hierarchy	Various	Chapters 15-16	Art	No standards
	speaking and	layout affect a	of a	teacher	in Journalism	Rule	available for art.
	listening are	reader's interest	newspaper	activities in	Matters	Deck	MARCON CONTRACTOR
	essential for	and attention?		Microsoft	Textbook,	Gutter	Writing standards
	productive		Various news	Publisher	pages 300-373	Tabloid	from previous
	communication	How has news	layout styles	designed to		Broadsheet	unit apply.
		layout evolved		assist and	"Your Beat"	Entry point	
	Writing is a	since the first	How the	explore	Activities	Modular	
	recursive	newspaper?	layout affects	newspaper		design	
	process that		readers.	design.	Contribute to	Infographics	
	conveys ideas,	How does			the school	Story pacage	
	thoughts, and	psychology			newspaper,	Teaser	
	feelings.	affect news			The Cougar	Flag	
		layout?			Times on a	Initial cap	
	Purpose, topic,				regular basis.	Internal	
	and audience					margin	
	guide types of				Videos on	Mug shot	
	writing.				newspaper	Standing head	
					design (TED	Cutline	
	Language is				talks)	Index	
	used to					Jump line	
	communicate				Examples of	Refer	
	and to deepen				strong design	Folio	
	understanding.				and weak	Subhead	
					design.	Photo credit	

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Estimated Unit Time Frames	Big Ideas	Essential Questions	Concepts (Know)	Competencies (Do)	Lessons/ Suggested Resources	Vocabulary	Standards/ Eligible Content
10 days	Effective speaking and listening are essential for productive communication Writing is a recursive process that conveys ideas, thoughts, and feelings. Purpose, topic, and audience guide types of writing. Language is used to communicate and to deepen understanding.	How has technology shaped and affected current news outlets?	How technology has shaped and affected current news outlets. Appropriate methods of blogging and modern news journalism.	Create fake social media profiles and tweets (on paper) Students will create blogs, podcasts, and webcasts specific to a task and audience.	Various teacher gathered and created materials and resources. Teacher created rubrics specific to the task. Students will create blogs, podcasts, and webcasts specific to a task and audience. Unit test	Post Blog Blogger Web community Model t Podcast Vidcast RSS feed Golden nugget logging	CC.8.6.11-12.B: CC.8.6.11-12.C: CC.8.6.11-12.D: CC.8.6.11-12.E: CC.8.6.11-12.F: CC.8.6.11-12.H: CC.8.6.11-12.I: CC.1.4.9-10.A CC.1.4.9-10.I CC.1.4.9-10.I CC.1.4.9-10.J CC.1.4.9-10.J

Spoken			
language can			
be represented			
in print.			
Effective use of			
vocabulary			
builds social			
and academic			
knowledge.			